Material Safety Data Sheet

	1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION
TRADE NAME (as labeled):	LATICRETE HYDRO BAN Adhesive & Sealant
CHEMICAL FAMILY:	Hybrid Adhesive and Sealant
MANUFACTURERS NAME:	LATICRETE Pty Ltd. 29 Telford Street, Virginia, QLD 4012
For additional information: Poisons information number: Date prepared or revised:	1800331012, 07 38651599 131126 06/11/15 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification: Hazardous according to the criteria of the NOHSC. All components are listed on the AICS. Not classified as a Dangerous Goods substance according to the ADG code. Not classified as a scheduled poison according to the SUSDP. Professional use only.

Risk Phrases: R36 - Irritating to eyes, R41 – Risk of serious damage to eyes. R43 - May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R37 - Irritating to the respiratory system. R34 - Corrosive, R51 - Toxic to aquatic organism

Safety Phrases: S24 - Avoid contact with skin. S25 - Avoid contact with eyes. S26 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. S28 - After contact with skin wash immediately with plenty of soap suds. S38 - In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory protection. S36/37/39 - Wear suitable protective equipment, clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. Respiratory protection if vapours/mists are generated.

------ 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS------

CAS Numbers	Percent
1317-65-3	65-70
13463-67-7	0-9
1333-86-4	0-1
-	To 100
	1317-65-3 13463-67-7 1333-86-4

N/A= Not Applicable or Not Available

------ 4. FIRST AID------

FIRST AID or EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT: Hold eyelids apart and immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

SKIN CONTACT: Remove product and immediately flush affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. See a physician if irritation persists.

INHALATION: Move patient to fresh air. If breathing has stopped or is laboured give assisted respiration (e.g. mouth-to-mouth). Supplemental oxygen may be indicated. Prevent aspiration of vomit. Turn victim's head to the side. Seek medical advice.

INGESTION: If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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First aid facilities

Provide industrial first aid facilities, eye wash station and safety showers as appropriate.

Notes to Physician

Possible aggravated pre-existing conditions - none reported.

Suggested treatment for acute symptoms, known antidotes – Provide care and treatment based on the patients reaction to the exposure. For further information contact the; Poisons Information Centre 131126 in all states (New Zealand Dial 0800764766)

Signs and Symptoms of exposure:

Acute: Contact with eyes causes severe irritation and pain. Burns of the eye may cause blindness. Inhalation of aerosols of chemically similar material in rats resulted in deaths during administration and in transient central nervous system symptoms, including lethargy, ataxia, tremors and convulsions.

Chronic: for each potential route of exposure. (Possible Longer Term Effects) Repeated and/or prolonged exposures may result in: adverse eye effects (such as conjunctivitis or corneal damage). Effects from inhalation of vapours may be delayed.

SUSPECTED CANCER AGENT?

X_NO: This product's ingredients are not found in the lists below.

YES: Federal OSHAN	ITPIARC		
	5. FIRE	AND EXPLOSION	
Flash Point,ºC (give method) :	NA		
Auto ignition temperature,ºC:	N/A		
Flammable limits in air, volume %:	Lower (LEL) <u>N/A</u>	Upper (UEL) <u>N/A</u>	
Fire extinguishing materials: water spray XAlcohol resistant_foam	X X	carbon dioxide dry chemical	other: Alcohol Foam

Ignition will give rise to a Class B fire. In case of fire use: Water Streams

Special firefighting procedures: Fire fighters should wear butyl rubber boots, gloves and body suit and a self-contained breathing apparatus. If water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Unusual fire and explosion hazards: May generate toxic or irritating combustion products. Sudden reaction and fire may result if product is mixed with an oxidizing agent. May generate carbon monoxide gas. May generate toxic nitrogen oxide gases. May generate ammonia gases. Personnel in vicinity and downwind should be evacuated.

------ 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES------

Spill response procedures (include employee protection measures): Wear goggles and face shield. Stop the leak, if possible. Ventilate the space involved. Reduce vapour spreading with a water spray. Shut off or remove all ignition sources. Construct a dike to prevent spreading (includes molten liquids until they freeze). Collect run-off water and transfer to drums or tanks for later disposal.

Preparing wastes for disposal (container types, neutralization, etc.): Wear goggles and face shield. If recovery is not feasible, admix with dry soil, sand or non-reactive absorbent and place in an appropriate chemical waste container. Transfer to containers by suction, preparatory for later

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disposal. Place in metal containers for recovery or disposal. Flush area with water spray. Clean-up personnel must be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and butyl rubber protective clothing. For large spills, recover spilled material with a vacuum truck.

NOTE: Spills or accidental release of this product should be handled by containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal. Dispose of all wastes in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Avoid eye or skin contact

Keep away from: acids, oxidizers. Keep in cool, dry, ventilated storage and in closed and free from leak containers. Product may partially freeze with extended exposure to cold temperatures. Product should be stored at temperature above 5°C.

No exposure standards for this product have been established. The standard for some of the ingredients has been set:

Substance	TWA	STEL
Carbon Black	3.0mg/m3	Not established
Limestone	10mg/m3	Not established
Titanium dioxide	10mg/m3	Not established

Ventilation and engineering controls: If used externally natural ventilation is generally adequate. General ventilation should be adequate Ventilate confined small spaces where mists or airborne particle levels are excessive or uncomfortable.

Respiratory protection (type): No respiratory protection is should be required if good ventilation is maintained. Use respirators fitted with organic vapour filters to AS1715 & AS1716 in areas with high vapour concentrations.

Eye protection (type): Use full face shield with a chemical goggle or safety glasses with side shields or safety glass to AS1337. Chemical goggles must be worn.

Gloves (specify material): Use impervious gloves, nitrile, butyl-rubber to AS2161.2. The breakthrough time of the selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period. In emergency situations, wear impermeable gloves with cuffs to prevent spread of materials to area above the wrists.

Other clothing and equipment: Wear long-sleeved, body covering impervious clothing, slicker suits, rubber suits (rain gear) overalls and rubber boots.

Work practices, hygienic practices: Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking or using the toilet. Launder or discard contaminated clothing. Familiarize the employees with the handling procedures in this section; also encourage prompt removal of contaminated clothing and clearing of contaminated areas. Examine protection equipment for defects and discard if required.

9. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES			
Vapor density (air=1):	N/A	Melting point or range, ^o C:	Not Available
Relative density:	1.3-1.7	Boiling point or range, ^o C:	Not Available
Solubility in water:	insoluble	Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1)	: N/A
Vapor pressure, mmHg at 21 ₀ C:	N/A		
Color and form:	Off-white Paste		

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		F A
	10. REACTIVITY DA	ГА
Stability:	KStable	Unstable
Conditions to avoid: Stable a	t ambient temperatures. Coagulation may	occur following freezing, thawing or boiling.
Agents (i.e., perchlorates, nitra Reaction with peroxides may	tes etc.) Sodium or Calcium Hypochlorite. result in violent decomposition of peroxide duct is mixed with acids. Heat generated	psphoric, etc.). Organic acids (i.e., acetic acid, citric acid etc.). Oxidizing Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminum, zinc and galvanized surfaces. e possibly creating an explosion. A reaction accompanied by large heat may be sufficient to cause vigorous boiling creating a hazard due to
Hazardous decomposition p	roducts (including combustion products	s): (from burning, heating, or reaction with other materials).
Carbon Dioxide in a fire. Amm	vater vapors to form corrosive nitric acid (T ionia when heated. Nitrogen Oxides in a fi except nitrous oxide) emitted on decompos	re. Irritating and toxic fumes at elevated temperature. Nitric acid in a fire.
Hazardous polymerization	May occur	X Will not occur
Conditions to avoid: N/A		
	11. TOXICOLOGICA	L INFORMATION
Information on likely routes of e	xposure	
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.	
Inhalation	Not likely, due to the form of the pro	duct.
Skin contact	May cause skin irritation.	
Eye contact	May cause eye irritation.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Symptoms include redness, itching	and pain.
Information on toxicological effe	ects	
Acute toxicity	May cause discomfort if swallowed.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	May cause skin irritation on prolong	ed or repeated contact.
Serious eye damage/eye		
Irritation	May cause eye irritation on direct co	ntact.
Respiratory sensitization	No data available.	
Skin sensitization	Not a skin sensitizer.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate produc	t or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	Inhalation of carbon black or titaniur	n dioxide dust may cause cancer, however due to the physical form of the
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product, inhalation of dust is not likely.

	Valuation of Carcinogenicity Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	2B possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2B possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	No data available.	
Specific target organ toxicity single exposure	- No data available.	
Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure	/ - No data available.	
Aspiration hazard	Not classified.	
Chronic effects	No data available.	
	12. ECOLOGICAL CON	SIDERATIONS
Eco toxicity: The product is n harmful or damaging effect on		his does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a
Persistence and degradabili	ty: No data is available on the degradability of this proc	luct.
Bio accumulative potential:	No data available for this product.	
Mobility in soil: Not available		
Other adverse effects: No oth warming potential) are expected		n, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global
	13. DISPOSAL CONSIE	ERATIONS
Disposal instructions		d containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of ocal/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in disposal company.	discussion between the user, the producer and the waste
Waste from residues / unuse products	Dispose of in accordance with local reg	ulations.
Contaminated packaging		n approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. roduct residue, follow label warnings even after container emptied.
Dispose of all wastes in acc	cordance with federal, state and local regulations.	
	14. TRANSPORT CON	SIDERATIONS
·	DG code, IMDG code, or the IATA DG code do no	ot apply to this product

All ingredients are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA inventory of chemical substances. This product has been approved under Ministerial Condition NSN 16024 for Canada. Limited quantities of this product may be imported to Australia under NICNAS LTD1523. It is not on the Japanese ENCS, or Philippines PICCS. It may not be exported to those countries.

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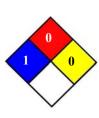
International Inventories

Country(s) or region Australia Canada Canada China Europe Europe Japan Korea	Inventory name Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Domestic Substances List (DSL) Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	On inventory (yes/no)* Yes No Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes
•		
Philippines United States & Puerto Rico	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

------ 16. OTHER INFORMATION------

NFPA Ratings



References

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

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