



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

LATICRETE Permacolor Grout

Product identifier

None.

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Grout.

Restrictions on use

Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

Details of manufacturer or importer

Manufacturer

Company Name

LATICRETE International

Address

1 Laticrete Park, N
Bethany, CT 06524

Telephone

(203)-393-0010

Contact person

Steve Fine

Website

www.laticrete.com

Emergency phone number

Call CHEMTREC day or night
USA/Canada - 1.800.424.9300
Mexico - 1.800.681.9531
Outside USA/Canada
1.703.527.3887

Supplier

Company Name

LATICRETE Australia

Address

P.O. Box 508
Virginia Business Mail Centre
29 Telford Street
VIRGINIA QLD 4014
AUSTRALIA

Telephone

(61) (7) 3865-1599

Website

www.laticrete.com

Emergency phone number

1.703.527.3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the hazardous chemical

Physical hazards

Not classified.

Health hazards

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Sensitization, skin	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2 (Lung)

Environmental hazards

Not classified.

Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard symbol(s)

Corrosion

Health hazard

Exclamation mark

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs (Lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement(s)**Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe dust/fume. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage

Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients**Mixture**

Identity of chemical ingredients	CAS number and other unique identifiers	Concentration of ingredients
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	55 - 65
Calcium aluminate cement	65997-16-2	20 - 30
Calcium sulfate	7778-18-9	5 - 7
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0 - 8
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	2 - 4
Dolomite	16389-88-1	1 - 4
Calcium sulfate hemihydrate	26499-65-0	1 - 2
Sodium aluminium sulfosilicate	57455-37-5	0 - 2
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	0 - 1
Lithium Carbonate	554-13-2	0.15-0.25

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures**Description of necessary first aid measures****Inhalation**

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Eye contact

Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Personal protection for first-aid responders Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Symptoms caused by exposure Rash. Coughing. Irritant effects. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Medical attention and special treatment Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Hazchem code None.

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep upwind. Avoid formation of dust. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation.

For emergency responders Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Sweep or shovel up material and place in a clearly labeled container for waste. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Occupational exposure limits

Australia. National Workplace OELs (Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants, Appendix A)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fume.
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.

Australia. OELs. (Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inspirable dust.
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fume.
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inspirable dust.
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inspirable dust.

ACGIH

Components	Type	Value	Form
Sodium aluminium sulfosilicate (CAS 57455-37-5)	TWA	3 mg/m3	RESPIRABLE PARTICLES
		10 mg/m3	INHALABLE PARTICLES

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fume.
		4 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	4 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA
10 mg/m3	Inhalable		

Germany. DFG MAK List (advisory OELs). Commission for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds in the Work Area (DFG)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)	TWA	4 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		1.5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, for example personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	Wear a dust mask if dust is generated above exposure limits.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
Hygiene measures	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder.
Color	Colored.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not flammable or combustible.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on possible routes of exposure

Inhalation	Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.
Ingestion	Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation.
Symptoms related to exposure	Rash. Coughing. Irritant effects. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Acute toxicity	May cause respiratory irritation.

Components	Species	Test Results
Calcium sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 3.26 mg/l, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 1581 mg/kg
Lithium Carbonate (CAS 554-13-2)		
Acute		
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	525 mg/kg
Sodium aluminium sulfosilicate (CAS 57455-37-5)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3000 mg/kg
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	No data available.	
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003)	
ACGIH Carcinogens		
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	A2 Suspected human carcinogen.	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.	

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (Lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury, including silicosis.
Other information	Inhalation of high concentrations of quartz dust can lead to the lung disease known as silicosis, with cough and shortness of breath.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available for this product.
Mobility in soil	The product is insoluble in water and will sediment in water systems.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

ADG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations

National regulations This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with the Australia National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets (NOHSC: 2011.)

High Volume Industrial Chemicals (HVIC)

Calcium aluminate cement (CAS 65997-16-2)	1000 - 9999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.
Calcium sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)	10000 - 99999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	1000 - 9999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	> 1000000 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	100000 - 999999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

100000 - 999999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.

Importation of Ozone Depleting Substances (Customs(Prohibited imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 10)

Not listed.

National Pollutant Inventory (NPI) substance reporting list

Not listed.

Prohibited Carcinogenic Substances

Not regulated.

Prohibited Substances (National Model Regulation for the control of Workplace Hazardous Substances, Schedule 2 NOHSC:1005 (1994) as amended)

Not listed.

Restricted Importation of Organochlorine Chemicals (Customs(Prohibited Imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 9)

Not listed.

Restricted Carcinogenic Substances

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Calcium sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)

WASTE GYPSUM ARISING FROM CHEMICAL INDUSTRY PROCESSES, WHEN CONTAINING ANNEX I CONSTITUENTS TO THE EXTENT THAT IT EXHIBITS AN ANNEX III HAZARDOUS CHARACTERISTIC

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date 04-February-2015

Revision date 01-October-2020

References HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

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