SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier STONETECH® Oil Stain Remove

Other means of identification None.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Pultice cleaner for natural stone surfaces.

Restrictions on use Not available.

Details of manufacturer or importer

Company name LATICRETE International

Address 1 Laticrete Park, N
Bethany, CT 06524

Telephone (203)-393-0010

Contact person Steve Fine

Website www.laticrete.com

Emergency phone number Call CHEMTREC day or night

USA/Canada - 1.800.424.9300
Mexico - 1.800.681.9531
Outside USA/Canada 1.703.527.3887

Supplier

Company name LATICRETE Australia

Address P.O. Box 508
Virginia Business Mail Centre
29 Telford Street
VIRGINIA QLD 4014
Australia

Telephone (61) (7) 3865-1599

Website www.laticrete.com

Emergency phone number 1.703.527.3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the hazardous chemical

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 3
Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Sensitization, skin Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 1

Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard symbol(s)

Flame Exclamation mark Environment

Signal word Warning
**Hazard Statement(s)**
Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statement(s)**

**Prevention**

**Response**
In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog for extinction. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.

**Storage**
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal**
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**
None known.

**Supplemental information**
None.

3. **Composition/information on ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mixture</th>
<th>Identity of chemical ingredients</th>
<th>CAS number and other unique identifiers</th>
<th>Concentration of ingredients</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calcium Carbonate</td>
<td>1317-65-3</td>
<td>40 - 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Limonene</td>
<td>5989-27-5</td>
<td>40 - 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</td>
<td>64742-48-9</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>&lt; 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quartz</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>&lt; 0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Composition comments**
All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. **First-aid measures**

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Inhalation**
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

**Skin contact**
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin rash or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.

**Eye contact**
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion**
Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

**Personal protection for first-aid responders**
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

**Symptoms caused by exposure**
Symptoms may include redness, drying and cracking of the skin.

**Medical attention and special treatment**
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

5. **Fire-fighting measures**

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**
Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
By heating and fire, irritating vapours/gases may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions
Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Hazchem Code
None.

General fire hazards
The product is flammable.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

For non-emergency personnel

For emergency responders
Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Other issues relating to spills and releases
Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Do not breathe mist or vapour. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Persons susceptible for allergic reactions should not handle this product. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate static electric sparks, especially during transfer of material. Use non-sparking tools when opening or closing containers. Use with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters
Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Occupational exposure limits

Australia. National Workplace OELs (Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants, Appendix A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1230 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>983 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Australia. OELs. (Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>Inspirable dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1230 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>983 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>4 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1250 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>999 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Germany. DFG MAK List (advisory OELs). Commission for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds in the Work Area (DFG)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>300 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values

Germany. TRGS 903, BAT List (Biological Limit Values)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>25 mg/l</td>
<td>Aceton</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25 mg/l</td>
<td>Aceton</td>
<td>Blood</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>40 mg/l</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, for example personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Slurry.

Physical state
Liquid.

Form
Paste.

Colour
Grey.

Odour
Lemon.

Odour threshold
Not available.

pH
Not available.

Melting point/freezing point
Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range
Not available.

Flash point
49.0 °C (120.2 °F) Closed cup

Evaporation rate
Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas)
Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)
Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%)
Not available.

Vapour pressure
Not applicable.

Vapour density
Not applicable.

Relative density
1.237

Solubility(ies)
Solubility (water)
No data available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)
Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature
Not available.

Decomposition temperature
Not available.

Viscosity
Not available.

Other physical and chemical parameters
VOC
51.6 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability
Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid
Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials
Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products
At thermal decomposition temperatures, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on possible routes of exposure

Inhalation
In high concentrations, vapours may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Skin contact
Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact
May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion
Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.
Symptoms related to exposure
Symptoms may include redness, drying and cracking of the skin.

Acute toxicity
May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>12870 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4710 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acute toxiciti
May cause discomfort if swallowed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 4.96 mg/l, 4 Hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation
May cause eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation
No data available.

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that “carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs.” (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. “There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk...” (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003)

ACGIH Carcinogens

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>A2 Suspected human carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)</td>
<td>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>1 Carcinogenic to humans.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reproductive toxicity
No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
No data available.

Aspiration hazard
Not classified.

Chronic effects
Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. May cause central nervous system effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Components Test results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Algae</td>
<td>IC50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>EC50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability
The product is not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential
Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient
- n-octanol / water (log Kow)
  - Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) 0.05
  - Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5) 4.232

Mobility in soil
No data available.

Mobility in general
No data available.

Other adverse effects
No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Residual waste
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

ADG
- UN number 2319
- UN proper shipping name Terpene hydrocarbons, n.o.s. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene)
- Transport hazard class(es)
  - Class 3
  - Subsidiary risk -
  - Packing group III
  - Environmental hazards Yes
  - Hazchem Code 3Y
- Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

RID
- UN number 2319
- UN proper shipping name Terpene hydrocarbons, n.o.s. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene)
- Transport hazard class(es)
  - Class 3
  - Subsidiary risk -
  - Label(s) 3
  - Packing group III
  - Environmental hazards Yes
- Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA
- UN number 2319
- UN proper shipping name Terpene hydrocarbons, n.o.s. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene)
Transport hazard class(es)
- Class 3
- Subsidiary risk -
- Label(s) 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazards Yes
ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user
Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG
UN number 2319
UN proper shipping name TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene)

Environmental hazards E, S-D

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

This product is a liquid and when transported in bulk is covered under MARPOL 73/78 Annex II.
This product is listed in the IBC Code.
Ship type: 3
Pollution category: Y

IATA classification is not relevant as the material is not transported by air.

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations

National regulations
This Material Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with the Australia National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets (NOHSC: 2011.)

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix B
LIMONENE (DIPENTENE) (CAS 5989-27-5)

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix E
HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID (CAS 5989-27-5)
HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID (CAS 64742-48-9)

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 5
HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, INCLUDING KEROSENE, DIESEL (DISTILLATE), MINERAL TURPENTINE, WHITE Petroleum Spirit, Toluene, Xylene and LIGHT MINERAL AND PARAFFIN OILS (BUT EXCLUDING THEIR DERIVATIVES) (CAS 5989-27-5)
HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, INCLUDING KEROSENE, DIESEL (DISTILLATE), MINERAL TURPENTINE, WHITE Petroleum Spirit, Toluene, Xylene and LIGHT MINERAL AND PARAFFIN OILS (BUT EXCLUDING THEIR DERIVATIVES) (CAS 64742-48-9)

High Volume Industrial Chemicals (HVIC)
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) 1000 - 9999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9) 1000 - 9999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) 100000 - 999999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.

Importation of Ozone Deleting Substances (Customs(Prohibited imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 10)
Not listed.

National Pollutant Inventory (NPI) substance reporting list
Not listed.

Prohibited Carcinogenic Substances
Not regulated.

Prohibited Substances (National Model Regulation for the control of Workplace Hazardous Substances, Schedule 2 NOHSC:1005 (1994) as amended)
Not listed.
Restricted Importation of Organochlorine Chemicals (Customs(Prohibited Imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 9)
Not listed.

Restricted Carcinogenic Substances
Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention
Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention
Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol
Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol
Not applicable.

Basel Convention
Not applicable.

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date                10-October-2016
Revision date             -
References                HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
                          Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)
Disclaimer                The information in this (M)SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable but cannot guarantee. Additionally, your use of this information is beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. Therefore, the information is provided without any representation or warranty express or implied.