1. Identification

Product identifier: Oil Stain Remover
Other means of identification: None.
Recommended use: Pultilce cleaner for natural stone surfaces.
Recommended restrictions: None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name: LATICRETE International
Address: 1 Laticrete Park, N
Bethany, CT 06524
Telephone: (203)-393-0010
Contact person: Steve Fine
Website: www.laticrete.com
Emergency phone number: Call CHEMTREC day or night
USA/Canada - 1.800.424.9300
Mexico - 1.800.681.9531
Outside USA/Canada - 1.703.527.3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards: Flammable liquids Category 3
Health hazards: Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Sensitization, skin Category 1
Environmental hazards: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 1

OSHA defined hazards: Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word: Warning
Hazard statement: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement


Response: In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog for extinction. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): Not classified.
3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate</td>
<td>1317-65-3</td>
<td>40 - 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limonene</td>
<td>5989-27-5</td>
<td>40 - 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</td>
<td>64742-48-9</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>&lt; 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>&lt; 0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Composition comments
All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin rash or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.

Eye contact
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

Ingestion
Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn’t get into the lungs. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Symptoms may include redness, drying and cracking of the skin.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

General information
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
By heating and fire, irritating vapors/gases may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions
Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

General fire hazards
The product is flammable.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions  Avoid release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

7. Handling and storage  
Precautions for safe handling  Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Persons susceptible for allergic reactions should not handle this product. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate static electric sparks, especially during transfer of material. Use non-sparking tools when opening or closing containers. Use with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities  Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection  
Occupational exposure limits

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>15 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>980 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>400 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>400 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.3 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2.4 mppcf</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1225 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>980 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>165.5 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>30 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Biological limit values

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>40 mg/l</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

- **Eye/face protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
- **Skin protection**:
  - **Hand protection**: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
  - **Other**: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
- **Respiratory protection**: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
- **Thermal hazards**: Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

- **Appearance**: Slurry.
- **Physical state**: Liquid.
- **Form**: Paste.
- **Color**: Grey.
- **Odor**: Lemon.
- **Odor threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: Not available.
- **Melting point/freezing point**: Not available.
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: Not available.
- **Flash point**: 120.2 °F (49.0 °C) Closed Cup
- **Evaporation rate**: Not applicable.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable.
- **Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**:
  - Flammability limit - lower (%): Not available.
  - Flammability limit - upper (%): Not available.
  - Explosive limit - lower (%): Not available.
  - Explosive limit - upper (%): Not available.
- **Vapor pressure**: Not applicable.
- **Vapor density**: Not applicable.
- **Relative density**: 1.237
- **Solubility(ies)**:
  - Solubility (water): No data available.
- **Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)**: Not available.
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: Not available.
- **Decomposition temperature**: Not available.
- **Viscosity**: Not available.
10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability
Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid
Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products
At thermal decomposition temperatures, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
In high concentrations, vapors may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Skin contact
Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact
May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion
Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Symptoms may include redness, drying and cracking of the skin.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Components | Species | Test Results
--- | --- | ---
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) |  |  
Acute  
Dermal
LD50 | Rabbit | 12800 mg/kg
Oral
LD50 | Rat | 4.7 g/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9) |  |  
Acute  
Dermal
LD50 | Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation
LC50 | Rat | > 4.96 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral
LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization
No data available.

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity

Not classified. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003)

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical</th>
<th>Evaluation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)</td>
<td>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>1 Carcinogenic to humans.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NTP Report on Carcinogens

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>Known To Be Human Carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>Aquatic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)</td>
<td>Aquatic</td>
<td>IC50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Algae</td>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Fish</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability

The product is not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)</td>
<td>4.232</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Mobility in general

No data available.

Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazardous waste code

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F
Waste from residues / unused products
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT
UN number UN2319
UN proper shipping name Terpene hydrocarbons, n.o.s. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene)
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant Yes
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29
Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 203
Packaging bulk 242

IATA
UN number UN2319
UN proper shipping name Terpene hydrocarbons, n.o.s. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene)
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazards Yes
ERG Code 3L
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG
UN number UN2319
UN proper shipping name TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Limonene)
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant Yes
EmS F-E, S-D
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
This product is a liquid and when transported in bulk is covered under MARPOL 73/78 Annex II.
This product is listed in the IBC Code.
Ship type: 3
Pollution category: Y

General information
IATA classification is not relevant as the material is not transported by air.

15. Regulatory information
US federal regulations
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
Not listed.
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories
- Immediate Hazard - Yes
- Delayed Hazard - No
- Fire Hazard - Yes
- Pressure Hazard - No
- Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
- Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical
- Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
- Not regulated.

Other federal regulations
- Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
  - Not regulated.
- Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
  - Not regulated.
- Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
  - Not regulated.

US state regulations
- WARNING: This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
- Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)
- Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)
- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)
- Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
- Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)
- Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)
- Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)
- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)
- Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
- Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)
- Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)
- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)
- Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK
- Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)

US. California Proposition 65

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance
- Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Country(s) or region</td>
<td>Inventory name</td>
<td>On inventory (yes/no)*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A “Yes” indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A “No” indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue date</th>
<th>18-December-2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revision date</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Version #</td>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFPA ratings</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="NFPA ratings" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

List of abbreviations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>References</th>
<th>HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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